

## POVERTY STATUS IN THE PAST 12 MONTHS

**Note:** This is a modified view of the original table produced by the U.S. Census Bureau. This download or printed version may have missing information from the original table.

	Los Angeles city, California			
	Total	Below poverty level		
Label	Estimate	Margin of Error	Estimate	
✓ Population for whom poverty status is determined	3,896,313	±1,834	700,951	
✓ AGE				
✓ Under 18 years	810,173	±3,824	208,160	
Under 5 years	231,061	±3,410	57,688	
5 to 17 years	579,112	±3,485	150,472	
Related children of householder under 18 years	806,965	±3,889	205,246	
✓ 18 to 64 years	2,604,701	±3,420	417,644	
18 to 34 years	1,083,854	±5,208	191,864	
35 to 64 years	1,520,847	±4,611	225,780	
60 years and over	686,169	±4,132	106,683	
65 years and over	481,439	±3,043	75,147	
✓ SEX				
Male	1,927,112	±4,250	318,165	
Female	1,969,201	±4,118	382,786	
✓ RACE AND HISPANIC OR LATINO ORIGIN				
White alone	2,030,454	±10,965	313,681	
Black or African American alone	344,609	±4,683	86,549	

## Table Notes

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**Survey/Program:** American Community Survey

**Year:** 2019

**Estimates:** 5-Year

**Table ID:** S1701

Although the American Community Survey (ACS) produces population, demographic and housing unit estimates, it is the Census Bureau's Population Estimates Program that produces and disseminates the official estimates of the population for the nation, states, counties, cities, and towns and estimates of housing units for states and counties.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2015-2019 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates

Data are based on a sample and are subject to sampling variability. The degree of uncertainty for an estimate arising from sampling variability is represented through the use of a margin of error. The value shown here is the 90 percent margin of error. The margin of error can be interpreted roughly as providing a 90 percent probability that the interval defined by the estimate minus the margin of error and the estimate plus the margin of error (the lower and upper confidence bounds) contains the true value. In addition to sampling variability, the ACS estimates are subject to nonsampling error (for a discussion of nonsampling variability, see ACS Technical Documentation). The effect of nonsampling error is not represented in these tables.

Dollar amounts are adjusted to respective calendar years. For more information, see: Change to Income Deficit.

The 2015-2019 American Community Survey (ACS) data generally reflect the September 2018 Office of Management and Budget (OMB) delineations of metropolitan and micropolitan statistical areas. In certain instances, the names, codes, and boundaries of the principal cities shown in ACS tables may differ from the OMB delineation lists due to differences in the effective dates of the geographic entities.

Estimates of urban and rural populations, housing units, and characteristics reflect boundaries of urban areas defined based on Census 2010 data. As a result, data for urban and rural areas from the ACS do not necessarily reflect the results of ongoing urbanization.

#### Explanation of Symbols:

An "\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute a standard error and thus the margin of error. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "-" entry in the estimate column indicates that either no sample observations or too few sample observations were available to compute an estimate, or a ratio of medians cannot be calculated because one or both of the median estimates falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution, or the margin of error associated with a median was larger than the median itself.

An "-" following a median estimate means the median falls in the lowest interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "+" following a median estimate means the median falls in the upper interval of an open-ended distribution.

An "\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the median falls in the lowest interval or upper interval of an open-ended distribution. A statistical test is not appropriate.

An "\*\*\*\*\*" entry in the margin of error column indicates that the estimate is controlled. A statistical test for sampling variability is not appropriate.

An "N" entry in the estimate and margin of error columns indicates that data for this geographic area cannot be displayed because the number of sample cases is too small.

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An "(X)" means that the estimate is not applicable or not available.

Supporting documentation on code lists, subject definitions, data accuracy, and statistical testing can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Technical Documentation section.

Sample size and data quality measures (including coverage rates, allocation rates, and response rates) can be found on the American Community Survey website in the Methodology section.